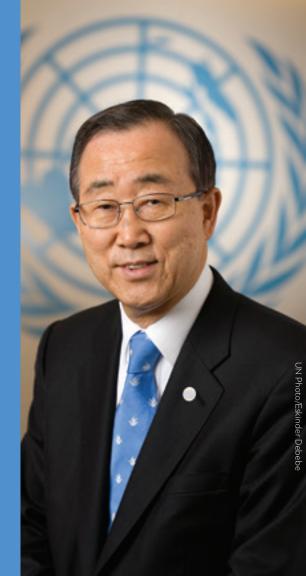


You are the backbone of your country. You are the backbone of the rule of law and good governance.

Some people often say that police officers are like the stick of an old man; when people are weak to walk, when people are faced with difficulties.

You will be the first ones and the last persons your people will depend on when it comes to safety and security, when it comes to social stability and security. [...] When there is disorder, confusion, insecurity, you are the brighter future.

Ban Ki-moon United Nations Secretary-General



more than

13,500 police deployed in 17 missions 5 DPA



There are **65** Formed Police Units in **8** peacekeeping operations.

they come from COUNTRIES



Of **1,416** women,

669 are in Formed Police Units and **741** are individually deployed.

Restoring Law and Order

Conflict and post-conflict countries are often characterized by a collapse of public law and order. United Nations Police serves to protect civilians, provides electoral and border security and management, limits the effects of transnational organized crime and investigates and prevents cases of sexual and gender-based violence. By contributing to restore public confidence in the host-State police and rule of law structures, United Nations Police creates safer environments. The United Nations commenced deploying police personnel in 1960. Currently, close to 14,000 United Nations Police are working in 12 peacekeeping operations and 5 special political missions, as well as other post-conflict and crisis situations.

The Police Division supports police components of United Nations peacekeeping and special political missions and other non-mission settings in the implementation of their mandated tasks. Housed in the Office of Rule of Law and Security Institutions in the Department of Peacekeeping Operations, the Police Division selects, recruits, deploys and rotates personnel in Missions, creates policy and guidance and defines parameters of international police peacekeeping and provides strategic and operational support, including through the Standing Police Capacity and by facilitating assessments and evaluations.



United Nations Police has seen an unprecedented growth in recent years... The changing nature of security and evolving threats call for a more sophisticated capacity... I would like to pay strong tribute to them [UN Police] for their courage and imagination.

Hervé Ladsous Under-Secretary-General for Peacekeeping Operations



UNMISS: Engaging communities

to build a protective environment

Since late 2013, South Sudan has been caught in the grip of a crisis defined by horrendous violence, massive displacement and the threat of famine. One in seven people have been forced from their homes and 1.3 million remain displaced.

Over 180,000 people reside in UNMISS protection sites, where United Nations Police maintain public safety and security. One of the activities is to engage communities and build confidence through a protective environment. The photo to the right, for example, shows police officers of the Gender, Child and Vulnerable Persons Protection (GCVPP) Unit engaging children at the temporary learning space of a protection of civilians site in Juba, in July 2015.

As part of a mission-wide protection of civilians approach in South Sudan, United Nations Police implements a community policing strategy which involves the South Sudan National Police Service and community watch groups building confidence within displaced populations.



The Strategic Guidance Framework, or SGF, will lay the foundation for a new era of police peacekeeping. Why do we need it? Because UN policing differs from domestic policing. The development of the Strategic Guidance Framework is projecting a clear and crystallized vision of UNPOL's roles and tasks. In addition, Member States will know what skill sets the UN requires and what experience they can expect their seconded officers to bring back from an UNPOL operation.

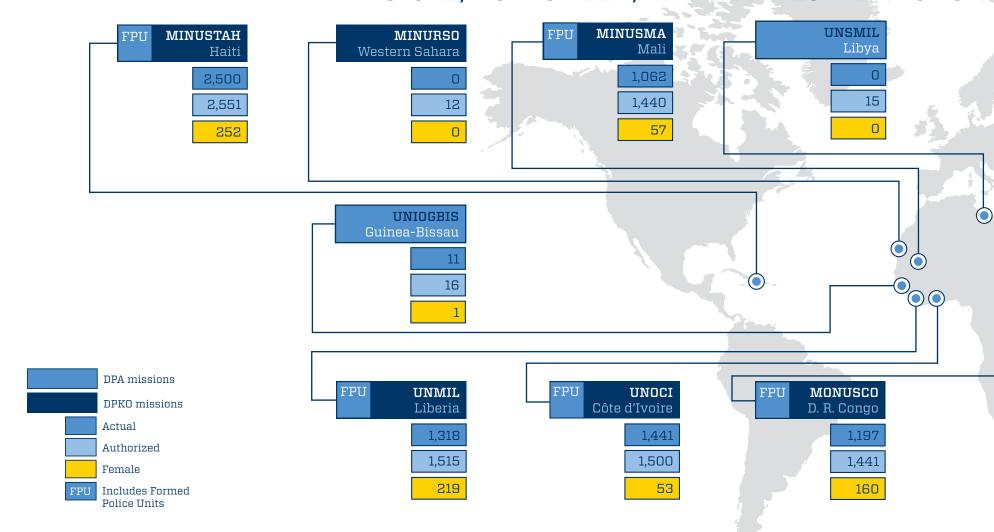
Ultimately, we hope that we will have a greater, stronger and more flexible pool of professionals serving under the UN flag and helping revive societies torn by conflict. 99

Dmitry Titov

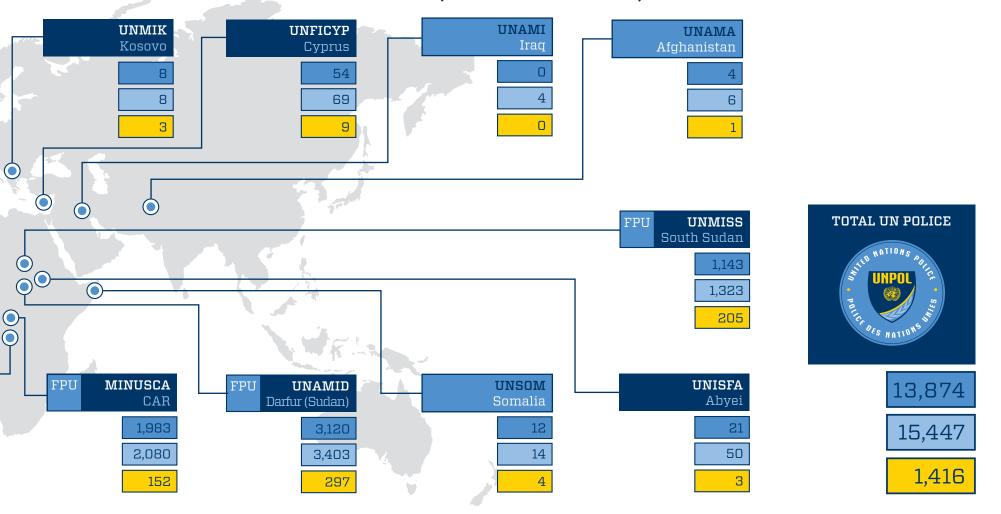
Assistant Secretary-General for Rule of Law and Security Institutions Department of Peacekeeping Operations



ACTUAL / AUTHORIZED / FEMALE DEPLOYMENT OF UN



POLICE IN PEACEKEEPING MISSIONS (DECEMBER 2015)



Responding to Member States and the Secretary-General

United Nations Police receives guidance and strategic direction from the General Assembly and the Security Council.

The General Assembly's Special Committee on United Nations Peacekeeping (C-34) is the [only] United Nations forum mandated to review comprehensively the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects, including policing. It has supported major reform efforts, including the establishment of the Standing Police Capacity, and continues to promote partnerships including with regional and sub-regional organisations. The C-34 attaches great importance to timely substantive interactions between the Security Council, the Secretariat and police contributing countries, to devise clear, unambiguous and achievable mandates, and to generate the necessary political, human, financial and logistical resources and information capacity for achieving the mandates (A/69/19, paras 20 and 74).

The first Security Council resolution dedicated to international policing, adopted unanimously on 20 November 2014, stipulates that policing is an integral part of the mandates of United Nations peacekeeping operations and special political missions, which may include support for the reform, restructuring and development of host State policing and other law enforcement institutions, operational support to host-State policing and other law enforcement institutions, and conducting interim policing and other law enforcement (S/RES/2185).

Upon request of the UN Secretary-General, the High-level Independent Panel on Peace Operations presented its report on how United Nations peace operations can be made more effective, efficient and responsive in June 2015 (A/70/95). In his implementation report, the Secretary-General welcomed the progress on the Strategic Guidance Framework, took note of the work on new modalities for planning and recruitment and tasked the Police Division to initiate an external review of its future function, structure and capacity (A/70/357, para 93). An independent review team began work in early 2016. Its report will feed into the Secretary-General's report on UN Police, due by December 2016.



First Security Council briefing by Heads of UN Police Components, 20 November 2014. (UN Photo)

Policing must be entrusted to police or other law enforcement agencies of a national, regional or local government, within a legal framework that is based on the rule of law. [Thus, the] police are accountable to laws that are publicly promulgated, equally enforced and independently adjudicated and which are consistent with international human rights norms and standards.

Stefan Feller United Nations Police Adviser





All-female selection assistance and assessment team (SAAT) training

The United Nations launched a global effort to increase the representation of female police officers in United Nations peacekeeping operations and special political missions in 2009. This was reinforced by Security Council Resolution 2242 (2015) on Women, Peace and Security. One of the projects undertaken by the Police Division in this regard is the all-female selection assistance and assessment team (SAAT) training. The training familiarises and prepares female police officers with the assessment procedures they require to pass before deploying as United Nations Police.

17 Member States showed a strong interest and nominated 2,300 female officers for participation in the all-female SAAT Training. Since the project began in 2014, 555 female officers participated in in training sessions convened in Benin, Burkina-Faso, Cameroon, Niger and Rwanda by serving UN Police officers. As a result, 304 of the 555 officers passed the mandatory SAAT examination and are now eligible to deploy, while 174 female officers already deployed to serve with United Nations Police.

UN Police Contributing Countries (December 2015)

COUNTRY	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	COUNTRY	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Argentina	18	1	19	El Salvador	12	0	12
Australia	8	2	10	Ethiopia	31	1	32
Austria	0	1	1	Fiji	17	0	17
Bangladesh	1,005	167	1,172	France	30	3	33
Benin	362	11	373	Gambia	56	20	76
Bhutan	4	1	5	Germany	28	7	35
Bosnia & Herzegovina	29	9	38	Ghana	218	95	313
Brazil	7	0	7	Grenada	2	0	2
Bulgaria	0	1	1	Guinea	37	5	42
Burkina Faso	314	56	370	Hungary	1	0	1
Burundi	358	10	377	India	894	115	1,009
Dururiai	330	19	3//	IIIuia	094	115	1,009
Cameroon	329	63	392	Indonesia	170	3	173
Cameroon	329	63	392	Indonesia	170	3	173
Cameroon Canada	329 65	63 19	392 84	Indonesia Ireland	170 10	3 2	173 12
Cameroon Canada Chad	329 65 43	63 19 3	392 84 46	Indonesia Ireland Italy	170 10 1	3 2 0	173 12 1
Cameroon Canada Chad Chile	329 65 43 6	63 19 3 0	392 84 46 6	Indonesia Ireland Italy Jamaica	170 10 1 2	3 2 0 0	173 12 1 2
Cameroon Canada Chad Chile People's Rep of China	329 65 43 6 161	63 19 3 0 8	392 84 46 6 169	Indonesia Ireland Italy Jamaica Jordan	170 10 1 2 1,524	3 2 0 0	173 12 1 2 1,531
Cameroon Canada Chad Chile People's Rep of China Colombia	329 65 43 6 161 15	63 19 3 0 8	392 84 46 6 169	Indonesia Ireland Italy Jamaica Jordan Kenya	170 10 1 2 1,524 29	3 2 0 0 7 10	173 12 1 2 1,531 39
Cameroon Canada Chad Chile People's Rep of China Colombia Congo	329 65 43 6 161 15	63 19 3 0 8 1	392 84 46 6 169 16 139	Indonesia Ireland Italy Jamaica Jordan Kenya Kyrgizstan	170 10 1 2 1,524 29 9	3 2 0 0 7 10 2	173 12 1 2 1,531 39 11

TOTAL

COUNTRY	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	COUNTRY	MALE	FEMALE
Malaysia	15	0	15	Sierra Leone	30	48
Mali	94	6	100	Slovakia	7	3
Mauritania	280	0	280	Spain	6	0
Montenegro	3	1	4	Sri Lanka	51	4
Namibia	34	18	52	Sweden	14	18
Nepal	885	88	973	Switzerland	3	0
Netherlands	20	5	25	Thailand	8	8
Niger	139	20	159	Togo	352	17
Nigeria	313	83	396	Tunisia	162	7
Norway	23	11	34	Turkey	74	3
Pakistan	469	0	469	Uganda	38	6
Paraguay	1	0	1	UK	2	3
Philippines	27	1	28	Ukraine	45	5
Poland	3	0	3	United Rep. of Tanzania	56	10
Republic of Korea	2	1	3	USA	35	4
Romania	52	9	61	Uruguay	5	0
Russian Federation	9	4	13	Vanuatu	13	0
Rwanda	711	225	936	Yemen	225	0
Samoa	8	2	10	Zambia	102	20
Senegal	1,339	39	1,378	Zimbabwe	55	31
Serbia	8	0	8			

UN Police Division Timeline

(UNPOL).



of the Standing

Police Capacity.

for work in

UN Mission in Darfur

for deployment









1989

1,500 UN Police deployed to Namibia.

1992-1993

3,600 UN Police deployed to Cambodia.

1995-2002

2,000 UN Police make up International Police Task Force in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

1999

UN Police have law enforcement mandate in UN Mission in Kosovo.

Formed police units authorized and deployed.









2013

UN Police Multi-year Strategy Policy: 2020 finalized. First phase of Strategic Guidance Framework for International Police Peacekeeping completed.

2014

Security Council resolution 2184 on United Nations policing adopted.

2015

High-level Independent Panel on Peace Operations and SG implementation report.

Second phase of Strategic Guidance Framework largely completed.

2016

Independent review of Police Division and SG report on UN Police.

Third phase of Strategic Guidance Framework launched.



Website: www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/sites/police/index.shtml

Twitter: @unpol

Facebook: United Nations Police