UN PEACEKEEPING COMPLETES JOB IN CÔTE D'IVOIRE

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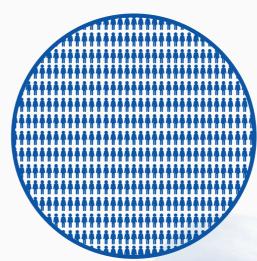
Why we came? ▶

- CÔTE D'IVOIRE

UN Security Council authorized UNOCI because of lack of state authority in Côte d'Ivoire.



In **2004**, the country was divided in half by a civil war



During the **2010** presidential elections crisis, 3,000 Ivorians were killed and 300,000 became refugees.

What we did?

UNOCI protected civilians, enabled inclusive political dialogue and supported the Ivorian Government in the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration (DDR) of former combatants.



We deployed over **6,000** peacekeepers in **2004** and increased them to 11,792 in 2011



Disarmed 70,000 combatants and re-integrated them into society



Two presidential and legislative elections in 2011 and 2016 and a referendum. The opposition participated for the first time in the 2016 elections



Over **250,000** refugees returned by 2016



Strengthened the National Commission on Human Rights and helped decrease human rights violations



Supported social cohesion through 1,000 Quick Impact Projects. Inter-communal conflicts were decreased by 80%

Mission closes on 30 June 2017

Why are we leaving?



2004

2006

Ivorian administration is now present in all 108 local departments



UNOCI supported the strengthening of Ivorian security forces, including integration of women in national gendarmerie:

23,000 army 19,000 gendarmerie **18,000** police

2014

progress on: Social Cohesion

 Human Rights and **Transitional Justice**

What next?

UN Country Team together with

and civil society will continue

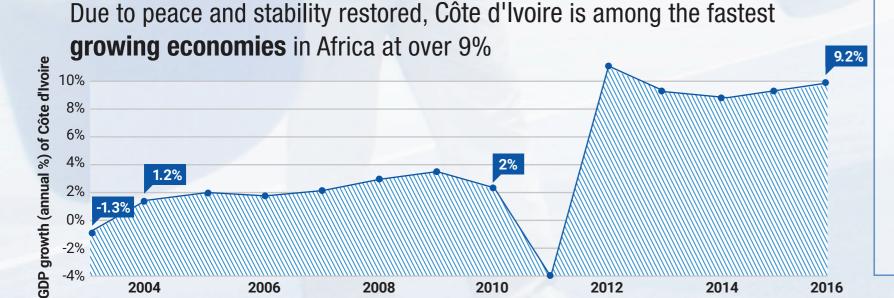
Ivorian national and local authorities,

Security Sector Reform

• Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR)

 Defence, Security and Law Enforcement

 Restoration of state authority throughout the country



2008

2010

2012